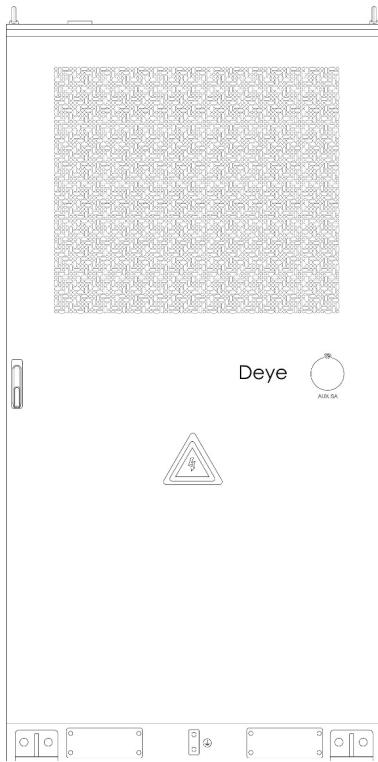


Deye

User Manual

Model: MS-DC480-2



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1 General information



Warning!

Read and follow carefully all safety warnings, instructions, illustrations and specifications provided with this product. Failure to follow instructions mentioned may result in electric shock, fire or serious injury.

Save all warnings and instructions for future reference.

1.1 All Rights Reserved

No part of this document can be reproduced in any form or by any means without the formal permission of the manufacturer .

Trademarks and Permissions

The trademarks used in this manual are owned by the manufacturer. All other trademarks or registered trademarks mentioned in this manual are owned by their respective owners.

Software Licenses

- * It is prohibited to use data contained in firmware or software developed by the manufacturer, in part or in full, for commercial purposes by any means.
- * It is prohibited to perform reverse engineering, cracking, or any other operations that compromise the original program design of the software developed by the manufacturer.

Disclaimer

“DANGER”, “WARNING”, “CAUTION”, “NOTICE” and “NOTE” in this manual do not represent all safety matters that should be followed, and you must also comply with relevant international, national or regional standards and industry practices. The manufacturer shall not be liable for personal injury,

property loss, product damage and subsequent losses under the following circumstances:

- * Damages caused by force majeure, including earthquake, flood, volcanic eruption, mudslide, lightning, fire, war, military conflict, typhoon, hurricane, and so on.
- * Failure to comply with the provisions of this manual.
- * The installation, operation and storage environment does not meet the relevant international, national or regional standards;
- * Incorrect use of this product.
- * Unauthorized or unqualified personnel repair the product, disassembly the rack and perform other operations.
- * Use of unapproved spare parts.
- * Unauthorized modifications or technical changes to the product or software.
- * Incorrect shipment by yourself or the third party commissioned by you.
- * Unsatisfactory materials and tools from your own that do not meet the relevant international, national or regional standards.
- * Damage caused by yourself or the third party's negligence, intent, gross negligence, improper operation, or other accidents not caused by Deye.

1.2 About This Manual

This manual mainly describes the product information, guidelines for installation, operation and so on. In this manual, "equipment" or "device" refers to relevant product, software, part, spare part or service, etc; "The manufacturer" refers to the producer, seller or service provider of the equipment.

2 Product Description

2.1 Product Introduction

A power cabinet is an integrated power control and distribution device primarily used for centralized management of power transmission, distribution, and circuit protection.

1. Power Distribution and Control

Distributes input power to multiple loads, supporting power supply requirements for lighting systems, and other equipment, while real-time monitoring of parameters (e.g., current, voltage) via instruments.

Supports manual or automatic control, including start/stop buttons and remote monitoring.

2. Multi-Level Protection Mechanisms

Overload, short-circuit, and leakage protection: Quickly disconnects faulty circuits using components such as circuit breakers and fuses to ensure equipment and personnel safety.

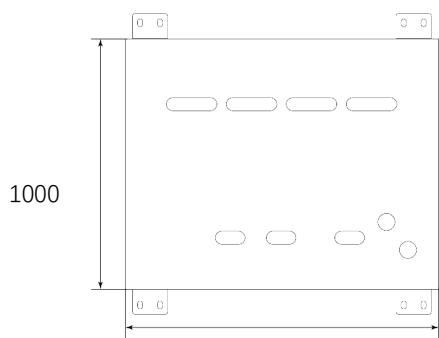
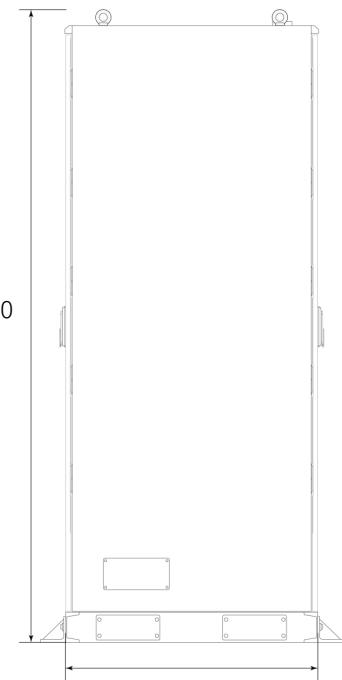
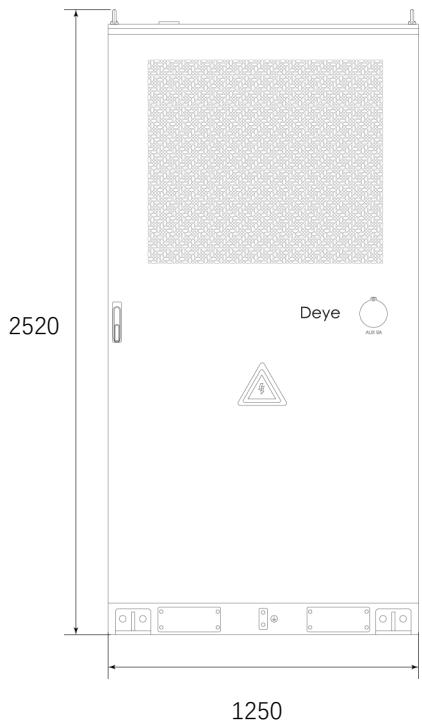
Grounding protection: The cabinet and metal components form a complete grounding circuit to prevent electric shock hazards.

2.2 Application Scenarios

The product has a wide range of application scenarios, which can be achieved with the assistance of the EMS. The use and other detailed information of the EMS can be available through scanning the QR code



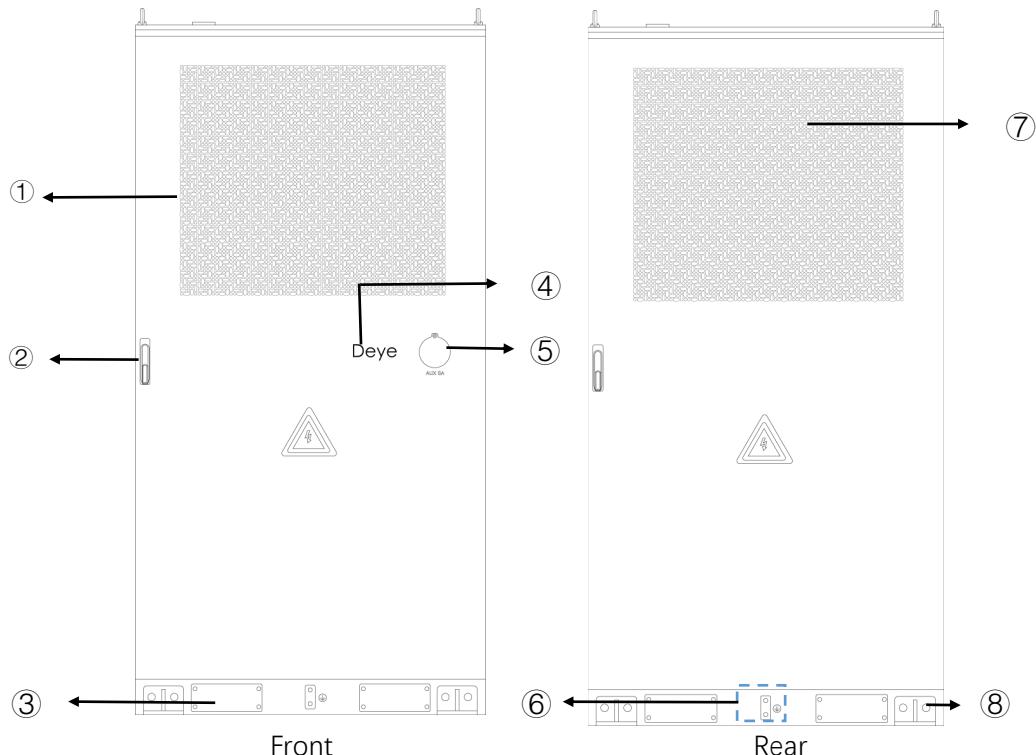
2.3 Product Size



1250 (Bottom)

Unit:mm

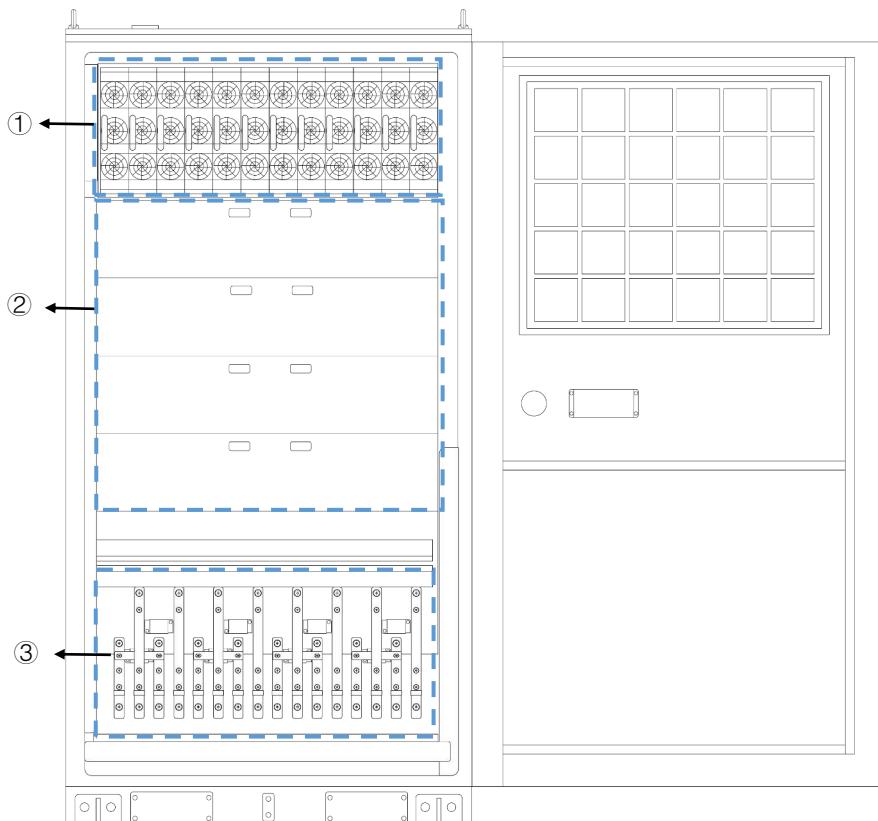
2.4 External Overview



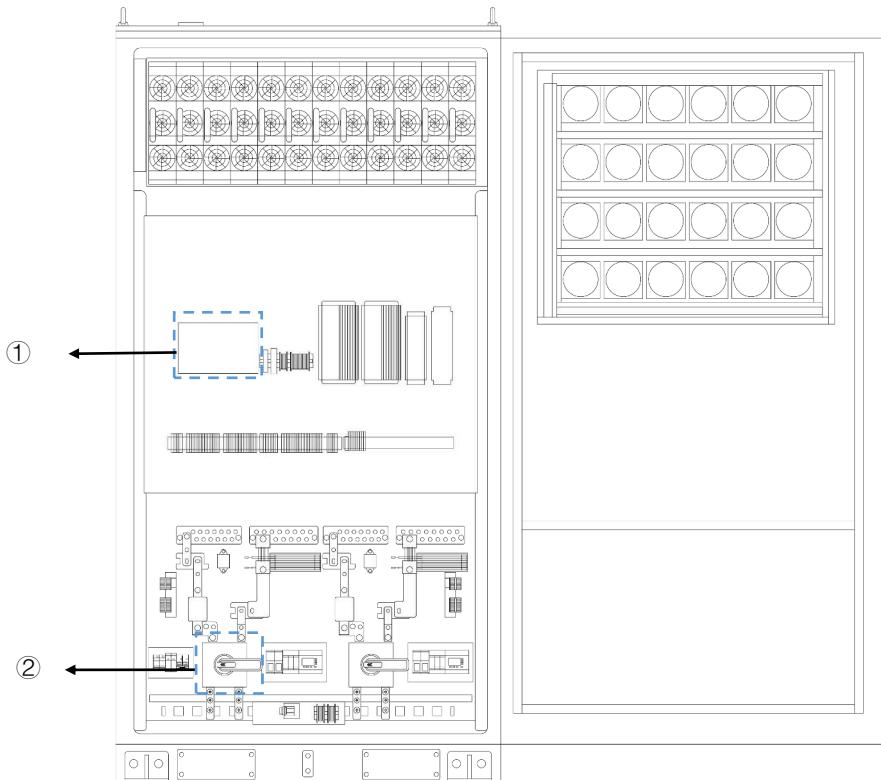
① Air inlet	An opening designed to allow air to enter the system, typically to facilitate ventilation and cooling	
② Door Lock×2	To control the opening and closing of the cabinet door	
③ Forklift insertion×8	Insertion positions of fork when moving the cabinet using a forklift	
④ Status indicator, (to display the equipment's state by illuminating the imprinted "DEYE" in color)	DEYE (Blue)	The system is in standby mode
	DEYE (Green)	The system is in charging

		without any fault or alarm.
	DEYE (Yellow)	The system emits an alarm but no any fault exist .
	DEYE (Red)	There are some faults existing in the system.
⑤ Emergency stop		To stop the system at once when any emergent situation occurs
⑥ Protective earth×2		A conductive path that connects non-current-carrying metallic parts of your equipment to the earth, ensuring safety by preventing hazardous voltages in case of insulation failure.
⑦ Air outlet		An opening designed to allow air to exit a system, typically to facilitate ventilation and cooling.
⑧ Mounting feet×4		To help fix the cabinet

2.5 Internal Overview



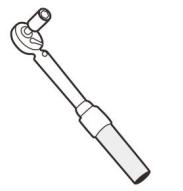
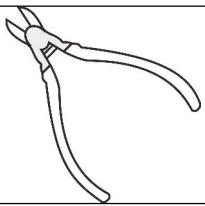
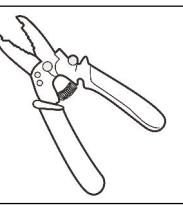
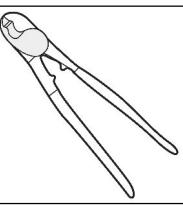
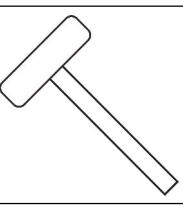
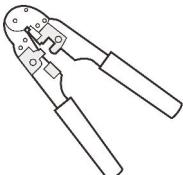
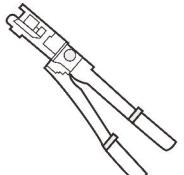
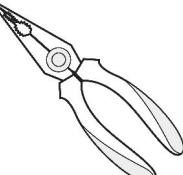
① DC-DC module×12	A direct current voltage conversion device, used to alter the input voltage value in a DC circuit, thereby outputting the desired DC voltage
② Power distribution unit (PDU)×8	To efficiently and safely distribute input power to multiple terminal devices
③ Output terminal blocks×8	Refers to the rigid conductive metal busbars, used to efficiently transmit high-current electrical energy to external loads or the grid

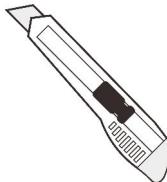
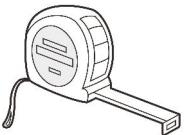
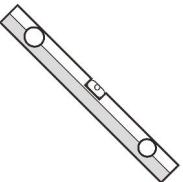
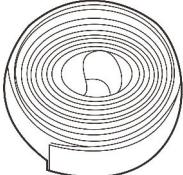
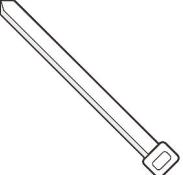
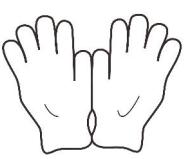
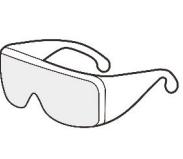
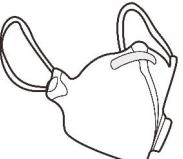


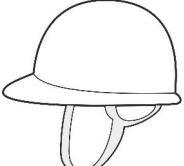
① Power control unit (PCU)	To control the power distribution
② Circuit breaker×2	To control the disconnection and connection of the circuit in which it is installed

3 Installation

3.1 Materials Required

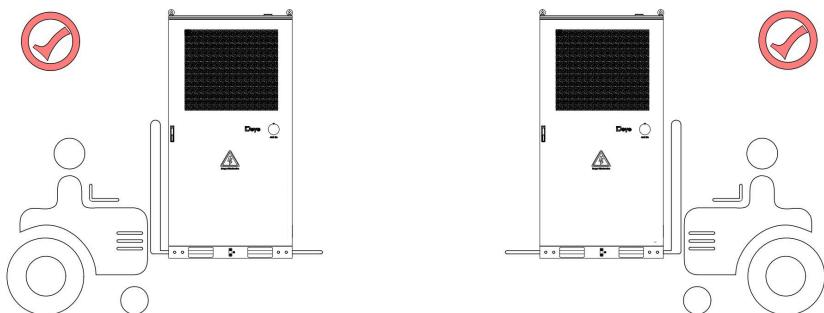
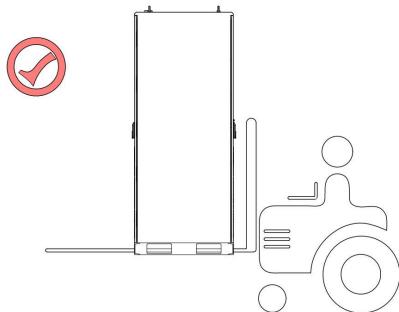
Tools			
			
Hammer drill	Phillips insulated torque screwdriver	Flat-head insulated torque screwdriver	Insulated torque socket wrench
			
Diagonal pliers	Wire stripper	Cable cutter	Rubber mallet
			
RJ45 crimping tool	Hydraulic pliers	Needle-nose pliers	Marker

			
Utility knife	Steel measuring tape	Level	Multimeter DC voltage measurement
			
Heat shrink tubing	Heat gun	Cable tie	Insulated ladder
			
Powered industrial forklift	Crane		
Personal Protective Equipment			
			
Insulated gloves	Protective gloves	Goggles	Dust mask

			
Insulated shoes	Safety helmet	Protective suit	

3.2 Moving Heavy Objects

After arrival of your goods, perhaps you need move it to designated working area. Refer to the following picture for movement of heavy objects.

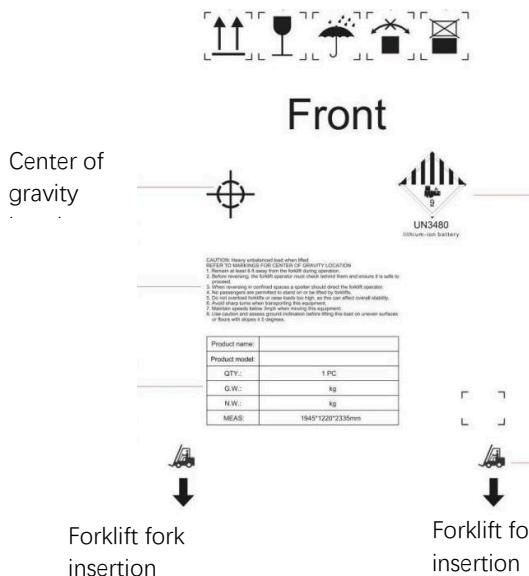


Equipment requirements		
Bearing capacity		>2t
Fork	Fork length	≥1.5m
	Width	80mm~160mm
	Thickness	25mm~70mm
Forklift lifting height		When the foundation height ≤0.3m, the lifting height shall be ≥2m; when the foundation height >0.3m, the lifting height shall be increased accordingly

When moving your product:

- Keep at least 2m away from the forklift during operation.
- No passengers are permitted to stand on or be lifted by forklifts.
- Do not overload forklifts or raise loads too high, as this can affect overall stability.
- Maintain speeds below 3mph and avoid sharp turns.
- Before reversing, the forklift operator must check behind them and ensure it is safe to proceed.
- When reversing in confined spaces, a spotter is needed, who directs the forklift operator.

- Use caution when lifting this load on uneven surfaces.
- Never operate the forklift on slopes ≥ 5 degrees.
- During movement, avoid tilting the cabinet or placing it upside down. If the cabinet must be tilted or inverted, please straighten it as soon as possible, and the cabinet needs to be left standing for 2 hours before it can be powered on.
- Suggest to insert the forklift tooth into the position indicated by the "Forklift fork insertion: in the package material. See the following figure.
- When lifted heavy unbalanced load, refers to the marking for center of gravity location.

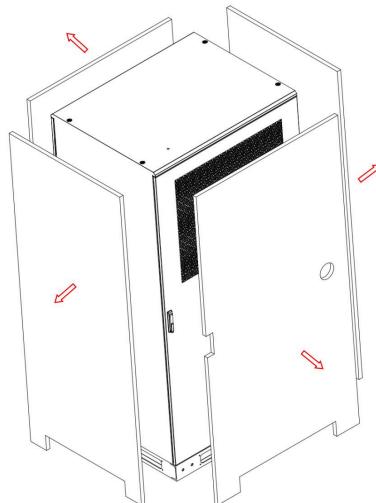


3.3 Unpacking

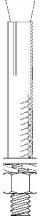
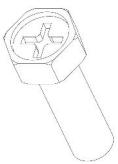
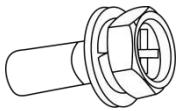
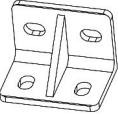
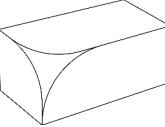


Warning !

- After setting up the equipment well, carefully unpack the package so as to avoid scratching equipment.
- If possible, do not remove the transport packaging before arrival at the installation site.
- After unpacking, check whether the fasteners and removable parts are missing. If they are missing, please contact you vendor at once.
- Keep the equipment stable during unpacking.
- If the installation environment is not friendly to the equipment, take measures to prevent failure inside the device caused by condensation or dust corrosion (for example, cover with woven cloth or dust cover).
- When it comes to package, EPE foam is broadly used for most of products, which characterizes with anti-shock and easy-disassemble. It is possible to unpack the equipment with a tool like a cutter or knife.



After unpacking the equipment, check that the deliverable contents are intact and complete, and free from any damage. If any items listed in the *Packing List* is missing or damaged, contact your dealer or call service hotline:
+86-0574-86320560.

Packing List		
		
M16*150 Expansion bolt ×8 pcs	Fork insertion board ×8 pcs	Φ16 Flat washer×8 pcs
		
Φ16 Spring washer ×8 pcs	M16x40 Hexagon bolt ×8 pcs	M16 Eye bolt ×4 pcs
		
M6*16 Cross-recessed hex head combination bolt×32 pcs	Mounting feet×4 pcs	Fire-resistant mud 2.5kg

3.4 Hoisting

3.4.1 Hoisting Equipment

Warning !

- The hoisting personnel must be trained and qualified until they can take up the post.
- Use only approved lifting equipment to move the cabinet system.

Warning !

- Never operate the lifting equipment in bad weather, such as typhoon, heavy rain, thick fog, thunder and so on.
- Before hoisting, ensure that the crane and hoisting ropes meet the load-bearing requirements.
- Do not drag the cabinet when assembling or disassembling the hoisting equipment. Otherwise, the cabinet may be scratched.
- Ensure that all doors of the equipment are closed and locked before hoisting.

3.4.2 Installing the Eye Bolts

1. Remove four hexagon screws that are preset at the factory to prevent dust or other foreign objects entering the equipment. See the Figure.1.
2. Insert the four eye bolts into holes on the top f the machine and then turn them clockwise until they are secured firmly. See the Figure.2 and Figure.3.

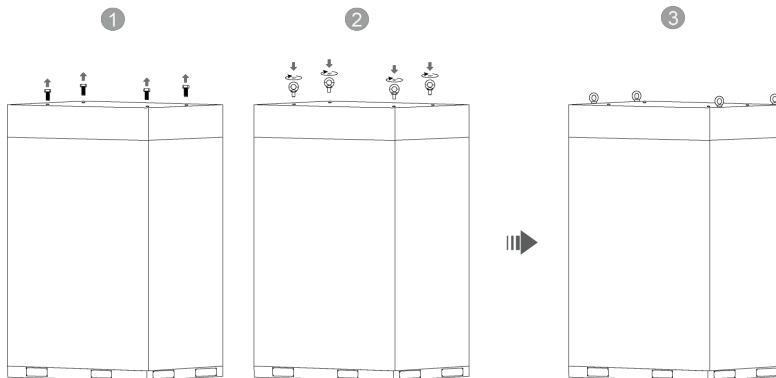


Figure.1

Figure.2

Figure.3

3.4.3 Hoisting the cabinet



Remember to make sure that your device is connected to the lifting tool correctly and firmly before hoisting. Failure to do so may result in product damages, serious injury,even death.

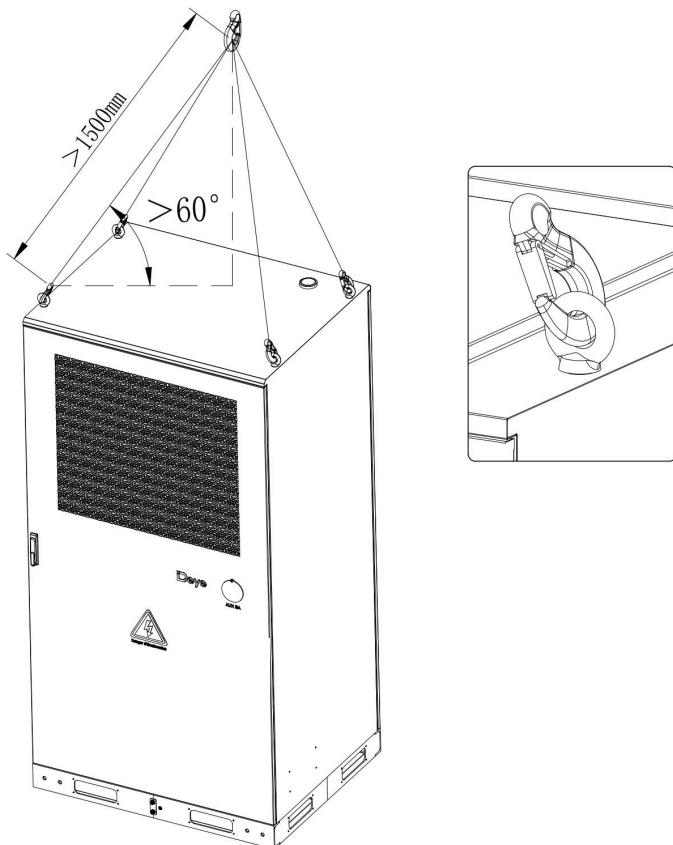


Figure.1

Equipment requirements		
Bearing capacity		>2t
Fork	Fork length	≥1.5m
	Width	80mm~160mm
	Thickness	25mm~70mm
Forklift lifting height		When the foundation height $\leq 0.3m$, the lifting height $\geq 2m$; when the foundation height $>0.3m$, the lifting height shall be increased accordingly

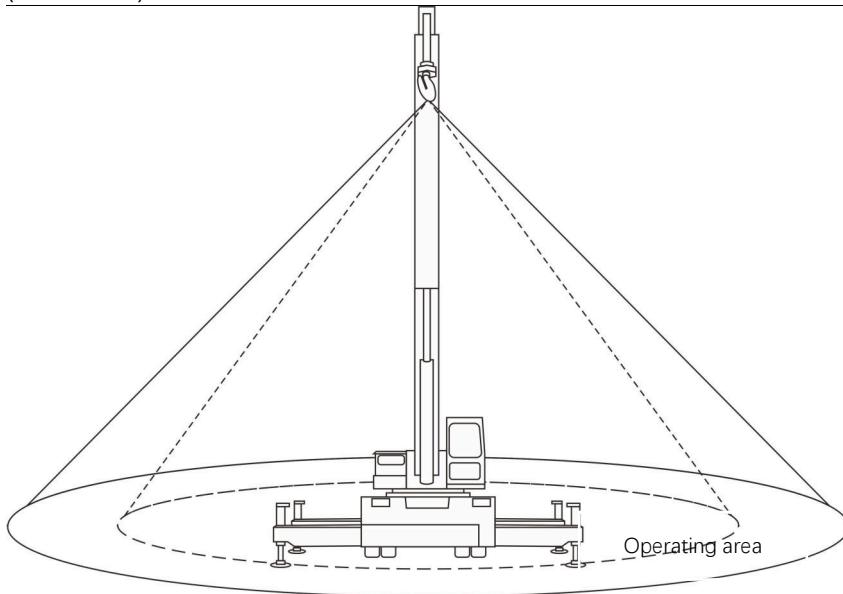


Figure.2

- Ensure that all sling connections are safe and reliable, and that the lengths of the slings connected to the corner fittings are equal. See the Figure.1
- Do not stand within 0.5-1m of the lifting area! During the whole lifting process, no one is allowed to stand under the boom or the work station. See the Figure.2
- A professional instructor is needed in the whole hoisting process.
- The length of the sling can be adjusted appropriately according to the actual requirements of installation site.
- During the lifting process, the devices must be stable and not skewed.
- Please lift the devices from the bottom.
- It is recommended to hoist the equipment from left to right or from right to left to ensure the smooth hoisting.
- Ensure that the crane position is suitable, no long distance hoisting.
- The equipment should be hoisted vertically and should not be dragged on any surface during hoisting.
- Do not shake the crane in order to avoid sudden drop or shock against equipment.

- Hoisting should be handled gently, and the cabinet should fall slowly and smoothly to avoid shock against equipment.

3.5 Installation



Warning !

- Your product is delivered without full charge. It is recommended to make your equipment charged within three months.
- Assembly must be carried out in accordance with the design, technological requirements, regulations and relevant standards.
- The parts must be cleaned before assembly, free of burrs, flash edges, oxide, rust, sand, dust and stains.
- The parts shall not be bumped, scratched or rusted during assembly.
- Wear appropriate personal protective equipment at all times during any assembly operation on site. The following personal protective equipment is considered a minimum requirement:
 - In a dry environment, wear S3 safety shoes .
 - On rainy or wet ground, wear S5 safety boots .
 - Wear flame-retardant work clothes.
 - Wear flame-retardant work pants.
 - Safety gloves.

3.5.1 Installation Requirements

3.5.1.1 Installation Personnel

- Only qualified professionals or trained personnel are allowed to install, the equipment.
 - Professionals:personnel who are familiar with the working principles and structure of the equipment, trained or experienced in equipment operations and are clear of the sources and degree of various potential hazards in equipment installation.
 - Trained personnel:personnel who are trained in technology and safety

have required experience, are aware of possible hazards on themselves in certain operations and are able to take protective measures to minimize the hazards on themselves and other people.

- Personnel who plan to install the equipment must receive all necessary safety precautions and local relevant standards.
- Only qualified professionals are allowed to remove safety facilities and inspect the equipment.
- Knowledge of electronic, electrical wiring and mechanical expertise, and be familiar with electrical and mechanical schematics.
- Understanding and complying with this document and other applicable documents.

3.5.1.2 Installation site requirements

Danger!

Do not expose the equipment to flammable or explosive gas or smoke.
Do not perform any operation on the equipment in such environments.

Danger!

Do not store any flammable or explosive materials in equipment area.

Danger!

Do not place the equipment near heat sources or fire sources, such as smoke, candies, heaters, or other heating devices. Overheat may damage the equipment or cause a fire.

Warning!

Install the equipment in an area far away liquids. Do not install it under areas prone to condensation, such as under water pipe and air exhaust vent, or area prone to water leakage, such as air conditioner vents, or ventilation vents.
Ensure that no liquid enters the equipment to prevent faults or short circuits.

Warning!

To prevent damage or fire due to high temperature, ensure that the ventilation vents or heat dissipation systems are not obstructed or covered by other objects while the equipment is running.

- The installation and usage environment must meet relevant international, the local laws and regulations. The user is obliged to protect the equipment against fire or other hazards.
- Do not install in low-lying areas. The installation level must be at least 300mm higher than the highest water level in the area.
- To protect the equipment from wildfires caused by high temperatures in summer, it should be free of vegetation and flammable plants within 3 meters of the surrounding area.
- Considering safety, the distance between the equipment and residential buildings should be more than 12m, and the distance between the equipment and schools, hospitals and other densely populated buildings should be more than 30.5m. If this safety distance cannot be met, a firewall should be built between the equipment and the building.
- The safe distance between the equipment and the production building shall comply with local fire codes or standards.
- Outdoor storage systems should be at least 10 feet away from boundaries, public roads, buildings, flammable materials, hazardous materials, high piles, and other hazards not associated with the grid infrastructure.
- The equipment should be installed in an environment free from the risk of explosion.
- Reserve enough space for expansion according to the needs of the whole life cycle.
- Ensure that the equipment is installed in a clean, dry and well ventilated area with proper temperature, humidity ,altitude range and so on. Check for more data in the "**Technical Specifications**" section.
- Do not install the equipment in salt-damaged or polluted areas because they may be corroded. This product can be used in the following or better environments:
 - In a place where is 2000m far away from the coast. It is not recommended to use the product when it within 500m to 2000m away from the coast . The equipment cannot be used when the distance from the coast is less than 500m .
 - In a place where the distance from heavy pollution sources, such as smelters, coal mines, thermal power plants, is more than 1500m at least.
 - In a place where the distance from moderate pollution sources such as

chemical, rubber, and electroplating is more than 1000m at least.

-In a place where the distance from light pollution sources such as food, leather, heating boilers, slaughter houses, centralized garbage dumps, and sewage treatment stations is more than 500m at least.

- Keep the equipment out of the reach of children and away from daily working or living area, including but not limited to the following areas: studio, bedroom, lounge, living room, music room, kitchen, game room, room theater, sunroom, toilet, bathroom, laundry, and attic.
- Do not install the equipment in places without proper fire fighting facilities, or difficult for firefighters to access.
- Do not install the equipment in an easily accessible position because the temperature of the enclosure and heat sink is high when the equipment is running.
- Do not install the equipment on a moving object, such as ship, train, or car.
- Do not install the equipment in an environment with magnetic dust, volatile or corrosive gases, infrared and other radiations, organic solvents, conductive metal, or salty air.
- Do not install the equipment in an area conducive to growth of microorganism such as fungus or mildew.
- Do not install the equipment in an area with strong vibration, noise, or electromagnetic interference.
- Do not install the equipment in a position that may be submerged in water.

3.5.1.3 Foundation requirements

An inadequately constructed foundation can introduce substantial challenges to the installation of the equipment, affecting the smooth operation of doors and the overall functionality of the system. Consequently, the foundation must be meticulously designed and constructed in accordance with established standards. This ensures it fulfills the necessary requirements for mechanical support, cable routing, and future maintenance and overhaul operations. During the construction of the foundation, at least the following criteria must be satisfied:

1. **Surface Material:** Install cabinets on concrete or other non-combustible surfaces.
2. **Surface Condition:** Ensure the surface is level, secure, flat, with sufficient load-bearing capacity, and free of depressions or tilts.
3. **Concrete Specifications:** Default to C30 grade concrete with a thickness of 200mm if not specified.
4. **Extension Beyond Cabinet:** Extend each side 300mm beyond the cabinet edges.
5. **Reinforcing Steel Bars:** Use HRB400 (Grade III) steel bars, 12mm diameter, spaced 150mm apart.
6. **Anti-Corrosion Measures:** Apply anti-corrosion treatments to steel bars after rust removal as per standards.
7. **Bedding Layer:** Use a 100mm thick C15 grade bedding layer under the slab.
8. **Bearing Stratum:** Foundation bearing stratum must be undisturbed soil with a characteristic bearing capacity $\geq 100\text{Kpa}$.
9. **Dewatering Measures:** Implement dewatering during construction to prevent waterlogging in the foundation pit.
10. **Excavation Safety:** Ensure proper safety measures for excavation support.
11. **Water Prevention:** After excavation, the foundation pit must not be soaked in water. If disturbed by water, further excavation and replacement filling are required.
12. **Height Requirement:** The foundation must be higher than the local

historical highest water level and at least 300mm above the ground level.

13. **Drainage System:** Build drainage facilities according to local geology and municipal drainage requirements to ensure no water accumulation occurs at the equipment foundation. It should meet the drainage needs for the largest rainfall in local history. Discharged water from the drainage system must be treated in accordance with local laws and regulations.

14. **Surface Leveling:** The levelness error between the equipment foundation and the cabinet contact surface must be $\leq 3\text{mm}$.

15. **Pit Compaction:** The bottom of the equipment foundation pit must be compacted and leveled before proceeding with construction.

16. **Weight Bearing:** The equipment foundation is configured according to the total weight of the equipment. If the bearing capacity of the foundation does not meet requirements, re-verification is necessary.

17. **Cable Management:** When building the foundation, consider the cable outlet of the energy storage system and reserve trenches or inlet holes accordingly.

18. **Sealing:** Both the reserved holes of the equipment foundation and the inlet holes at the bottom of the equipment should be sealed after installation.

Cable Trench Requirements

For energy storage cabinets adopting the bottom cable entry method, a trench must be pre-installed on-site since no side cable inlets are provided to prevent foreign objects from entering. The following requirements apply to the trenches:

1. **Dust-proof and Rodent-proof Design:** To avoid foreign objects entering the energy storage cabinets, the trench must have an effective dust-proof and rodent-proof design.

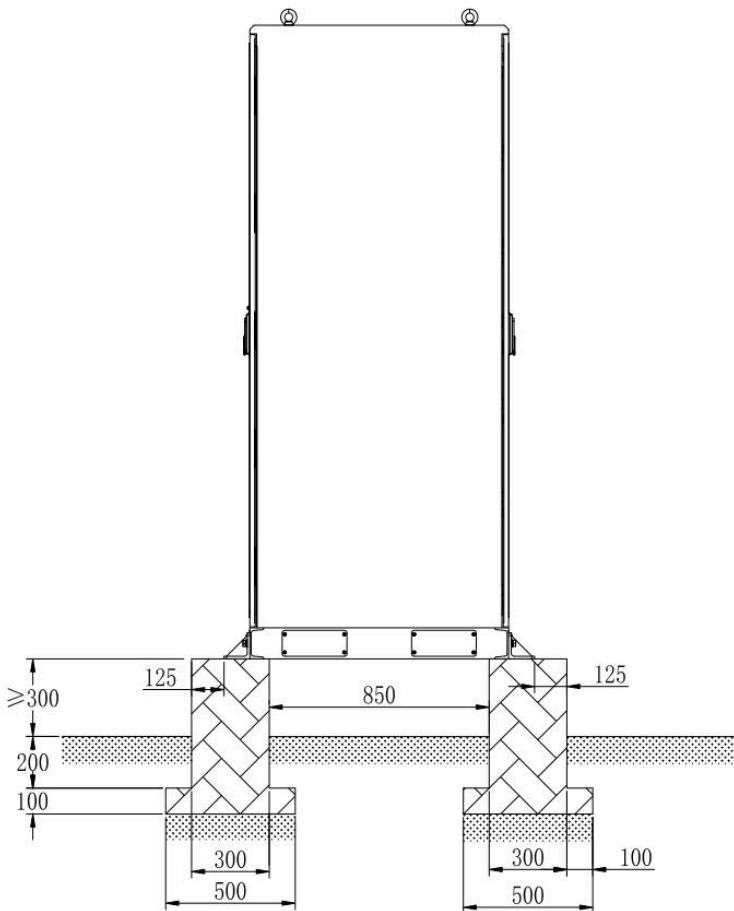
2. **Waterproof and Moisture-proof Measures:** In order to prevent cable aging and short circuits that could impact the normal operation of the energy storage cabinets, the trench needs waterproof and moisture-proof measures.

3. **Sufficient Cable Bending Radius:** Considering the larger power rating of the energy storage cabinets and the requirement for thicker cables, the

trench design must take into account the cross-sectional area of the cables and provide a sufficient bending radius.

 **Warning!**

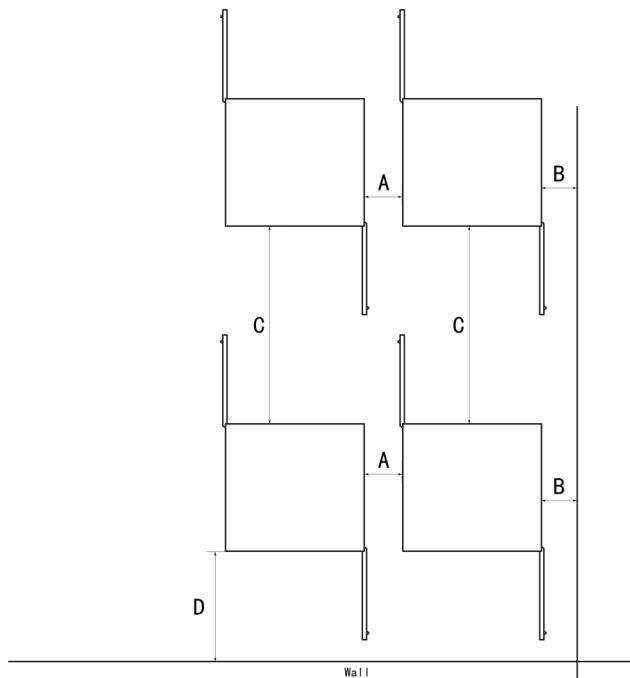
The foundation drawing cannot be used as the final construction drawing but only for reference. Users must verify the design parameters of the energy storage system foundation based on the installation environment, ground bearing capacity, geological conditions, and seismic requirements of the project site.



3.5.1.4 Installation clearance requirements

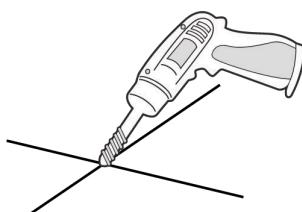
Danger!

No one is allowed to pass within 1.5m behind the cabinet, otherwise this person may be hurt when explosion.

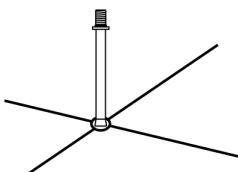


Serial number	Distance (mm)
A	≥630
B	≥800
C	≥5000
D	≥2500

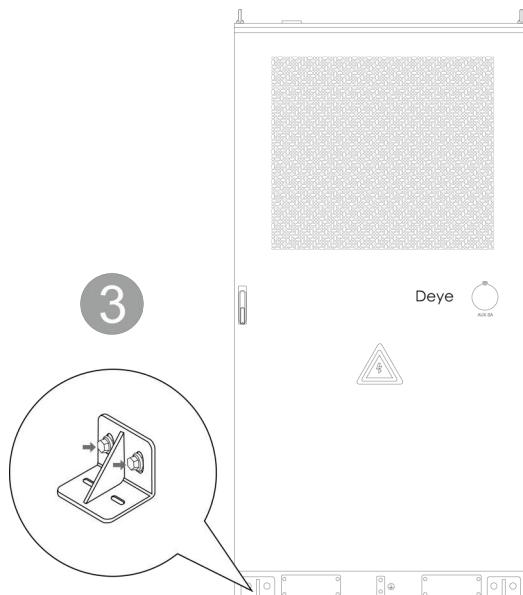
3.5.2 Fixing the cabinet

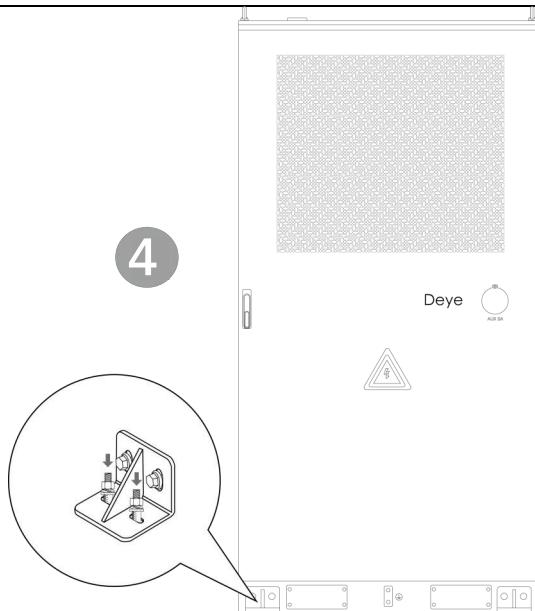


1



2





1. Drill holes, with 102-105mm depth, on the ground using an electric hammer.(①)
2. Pre-install the 8 expansion bolts (M16*150) with 140 N•m. (②)
3. Put the equipment in place and then attach four mounting feet onto the cabinet.(③)
4. Secure the cabinet to the ground by mounting nuts onto the expansion bolts. (④)

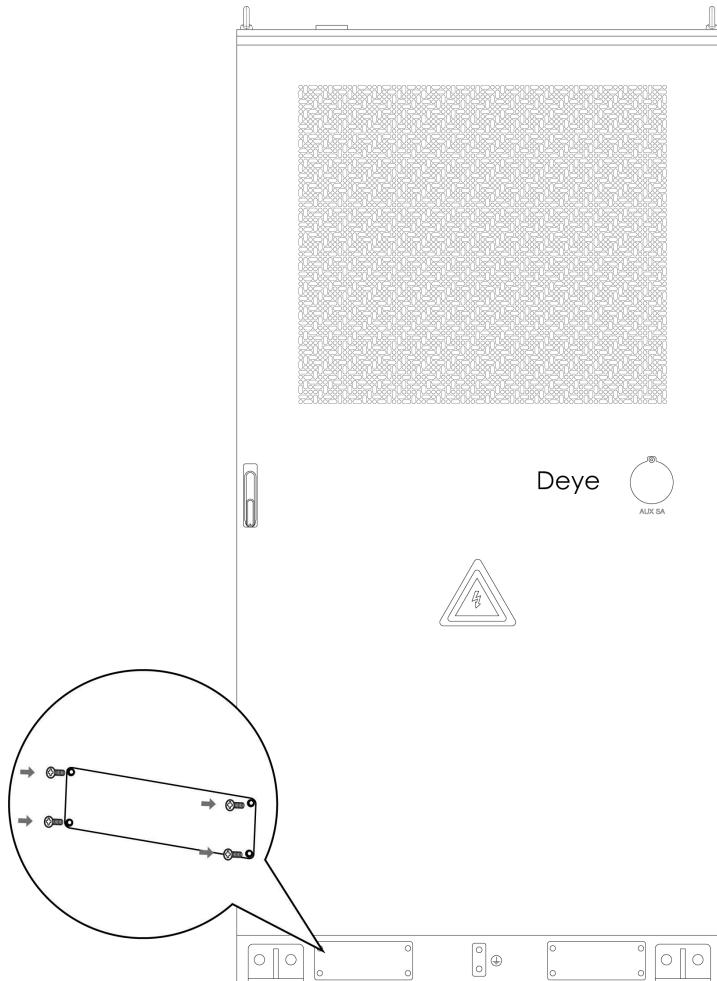


Note!

Due to the uncertainty of drilling accuracy and bit material, it is recommended to choose a drill bit from $\Phi 20.5$ to $\Phi 21$.

3.5.3 Assembling the Boards

Making sure that the cabinet has been seated well, you need to attach one board onto every hole for forklift fork insertion, which is used to prevent dust or other foreign objects entering the machine. It is required to secure 8 boards using 16 screws (M6x16).



4 Electrical Connection

4.1 Preparation before Connection



Caution !

If the generator deployed in the power plant runs in off-grid mode and the load power exceeds the generator capacity, the generator may shut down due to overload. You are advised to shut down some loads.



Warning !

- Sand and moisture infiltration can damage the electrical equipment in the container or affect its operating performance!
- Do not perform electrical connections during sandstorms or when the relative humidity of the surrounding environment is greater than 95%.
- Make electrical connections when there is no wind or sand and when the weather is clear and dry.
- Before connecting cables, check that the polarity of all input cables is correct. Do not pull wires and cables forcibly during electrical installation.
- Otherwise, the insulation performance may be affected. Make sure all cables and wires have enough room to bend. Take necessary auxiliary measures to reduce the stress on cables and wires.
- After each connection is complete, carefully check whether the connection is correct and secure.

4.1.1 Cable Requirements

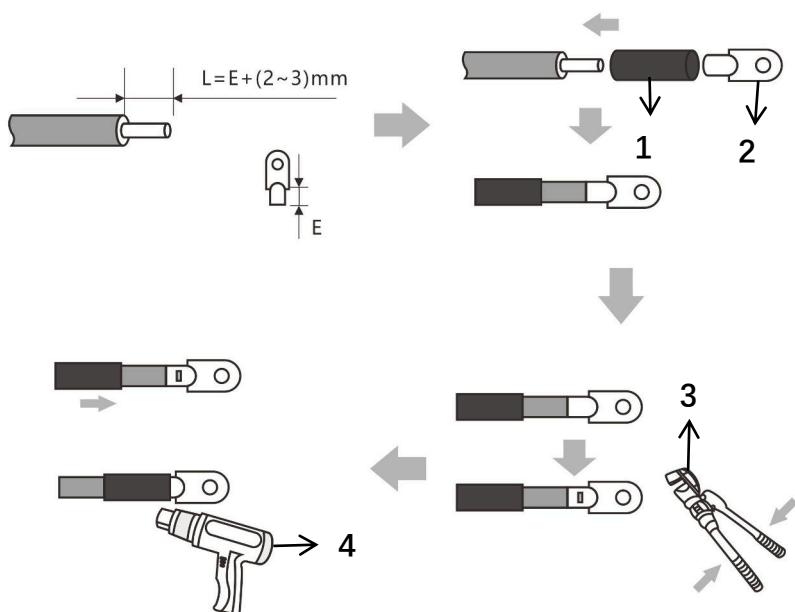
When wiring, cables are supposed to meet the following requirements:

- Sufficient current-carrying capacity. Factors that can influence this capacity are shown as follows:
 - environment condition;
 - the type of insulated materials of conductors;
 - cable routing;
 - material and cross-section of cables;
- Suitable diameter and length of cables
- Correct specification and material of cables used for DC input
- Correct specification and material of cables used for AC input
- Only use fire-resistant cables.

How to crimp an OT or DT terminal?

⚠️ Notice !

- Avoid scratching the core wire when stripping a cable.
- The cavity formed after the conductor crimp strip of the OT terminal is crimped must wrap the core wire completely. The core wire must make close contact with the OT terminal.
- Wrap the wire crimping area with heat shrink tubing or insulation tape. The heat shrink tubing is used as an example.
- Use a heat gun carefully to avoid heat damage to the equipment.



NO.	Description	NO.	Description
1	Hot air duct	3	Hydraulic pliers
2	OT/DT	4	Heat Gun

4.1.2 Opening the Door

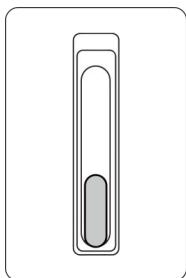


Figure.1

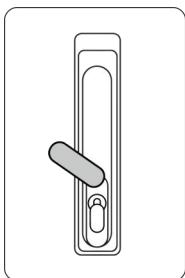


Figure.2

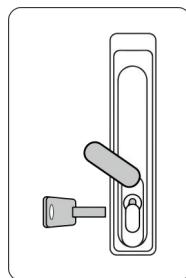


Figure.3

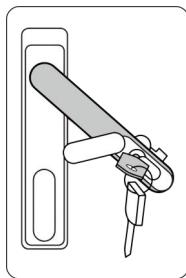


Figure.4

1. The door of the cabinet is in locked state.See the Figure.1
2. Move upward the cover above the keyhole.See the Figure.2
3. Insert the door key and turn it clockwise to eject the handle.See the Figure.3.
4. Turn the handle clockwise and pull out the door.See the Figure.4

4.2 Cable Connection

Danger!

All electrical connections must be made when the equipment is completely powered off.

Danger!

Do not smoke or have an open flame around the equipment. Wear personal protective equipment and use dedicated insulated tools to avoid electric shocks or short circuits.

Warning!

- Equipment damage caused by incorrect connections is not covered by the product warranty.
- Only qualified electrical technicians are allowed to connect cables.
- Operation personnel must wear proper PPE when connecting cables.

Warning!

When connecting cables, do not place installation tools, metal parts, or sundries on the equipment. After the connection, clean up objects around the area.

Caution!

- Do not connect two or more cables to the positive or negative power port at the same time.
- Stay away from the equipment when preparing cables to prevent cable scraps from entering the equipment. Cable scraps may cause sparks and result in personal injury and equipment damage.

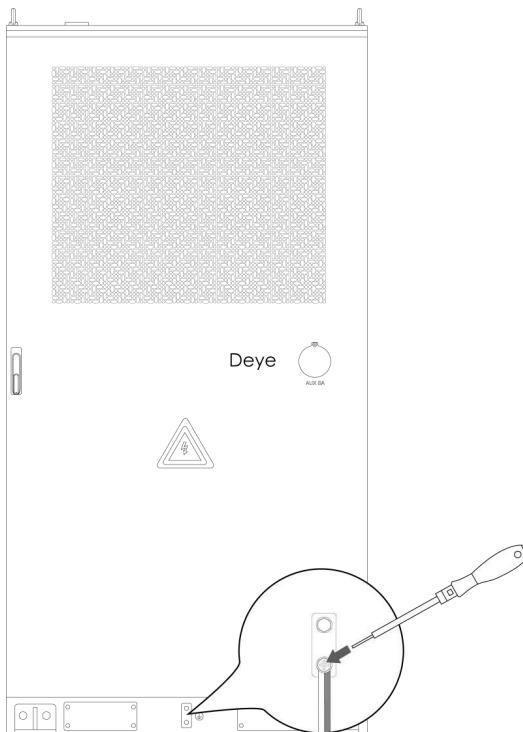
4.2.1 Grounding

⚠ Warning !

Ensure that the PE cable is securely connected. Otherwise, electric shocks may occur.

⚠ Note !

- The PE point at the AC output port is used only as a PE equipotential bonding point and cannot substitute for the PE point on the enclosure.
- It is recommended that silicone grease or paint be applied around the ground terminal after the PE cable is connected.
- After completing the grounding connection, the grounding resistance must be measured. The specific grounding resistance value should comply with the relevant national/local standards and regulations.



Name	Type	Section (mm ²)	Terminal	Torque (N•m)
Protective earth	Grounding flat steel	150~200	/	
	Grounding cable	50~70	M10 OT/DT terminal	25

4.2.2 Connection inside the LC430 system

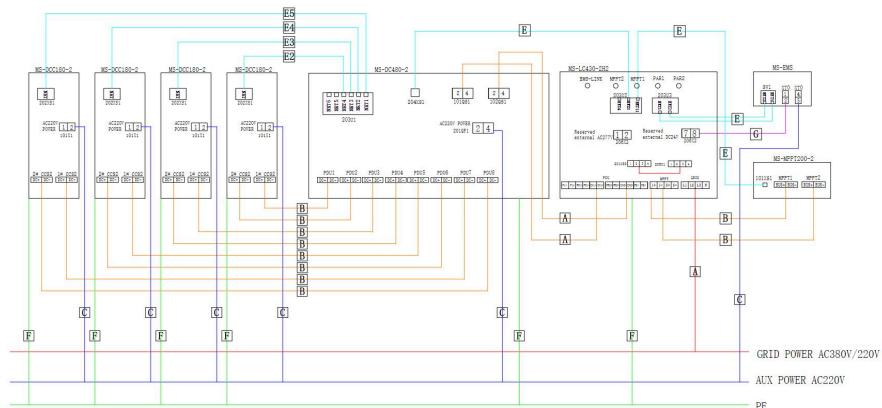
4.2.2.1 Multi-unit wiring

You can configure this device in combination with other equipment in the LC430 system as needed:

No.	Model	Designation
①	MS-DCC180-2	Charging pile
②	MS-DC480-2	Power cabinet
③	MS-LC430-2H2	AC/DC energy storage cabinet
④	MS-LC430-BC-2	DC Energy Storage Cabinet
⑤	MS-MPPT200-2	On-grid & Off-grid & PV Cabinet
⑥	MS-EMS	Energy Management System Cabinet

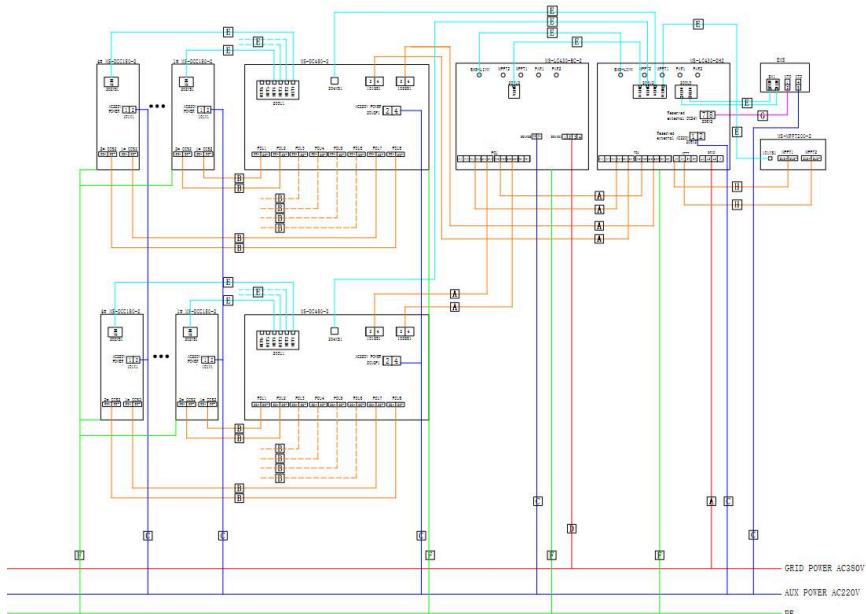
There are **2 different modes** for you to meet your various demands:

Mode 1:



Cable	Recommended size
A	120mm ²
B	95mm ²
C	2.5mm ²
D	6mm ²
E	CAT6 FTP
F	95mm ²

Mode 2:



Cable	Recommended size
A	120mm ²
B	95mm ²
C	2.5mm ²
D	6mm ²
E	CAT6 FTP
F	95 mm ²
G	2.5mm ²
H	70 mm ²

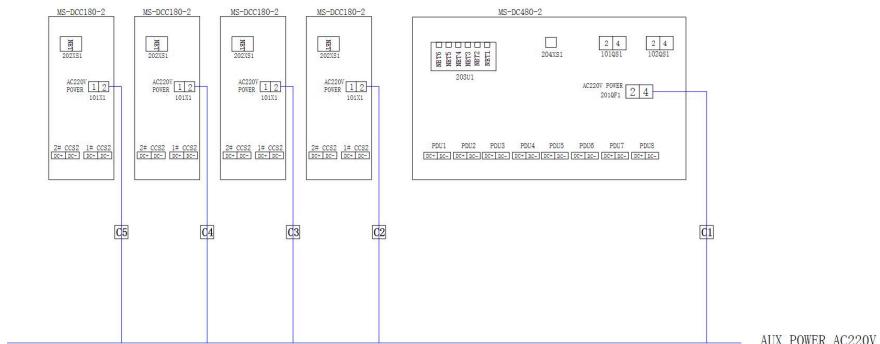
4.2.2.2 Wire connection guide:

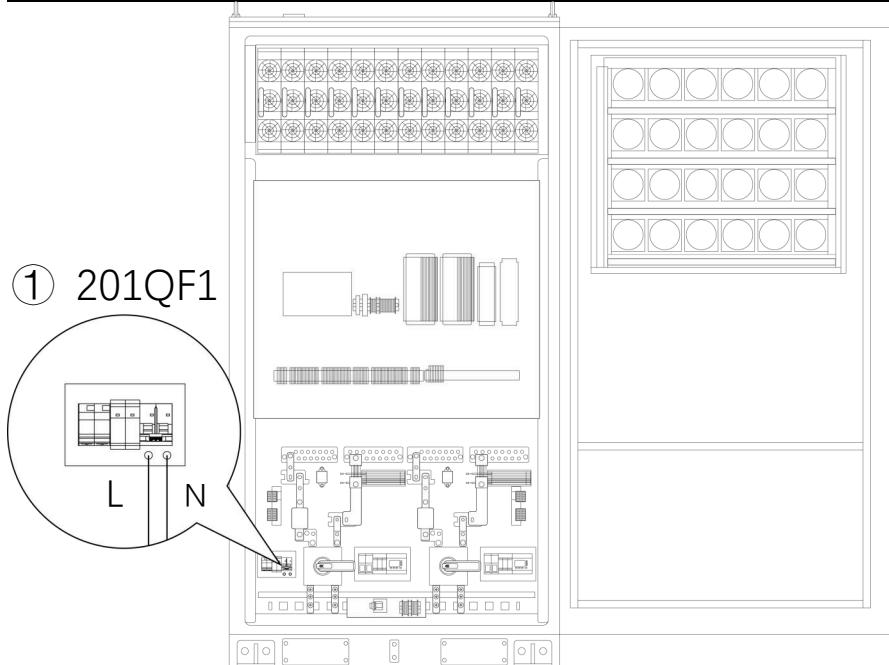
⚠ Note!

- After wiring, pull out cables slightly to prove that they are connected securely.
- After completing the wire connection, use fire-resistant mud to seal the cable pass-through holes.

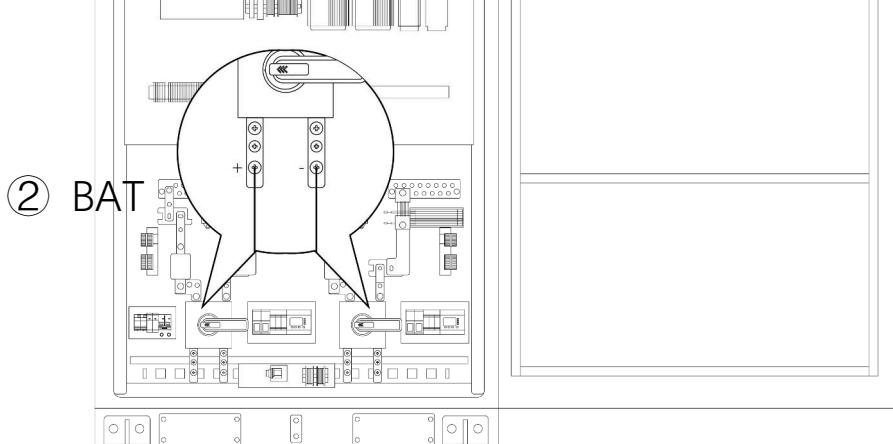
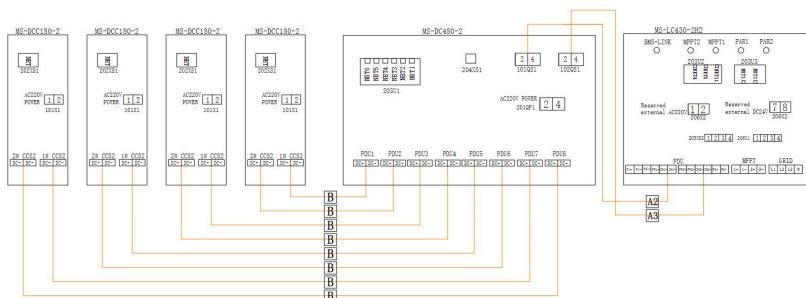
How to position terminals related?

1. Auxiliary power

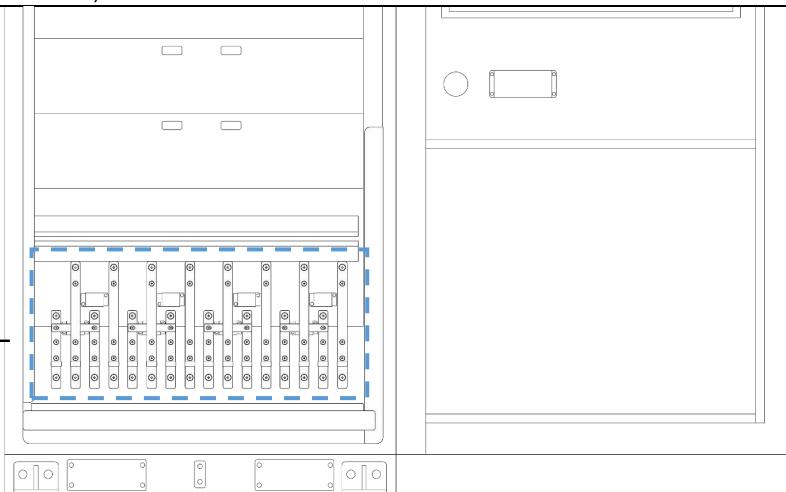




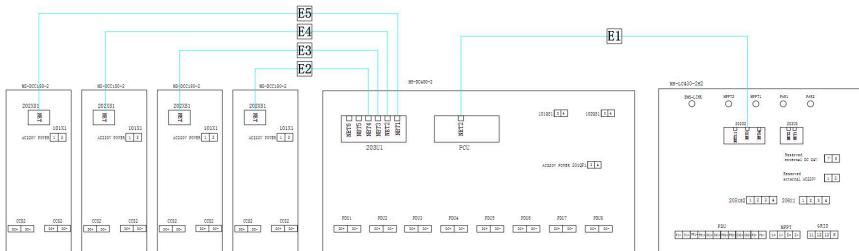
2. Power cable



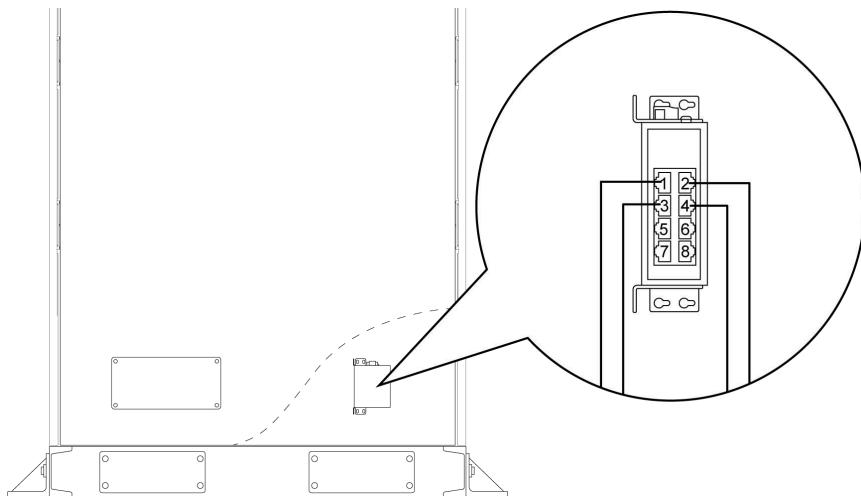
③TML

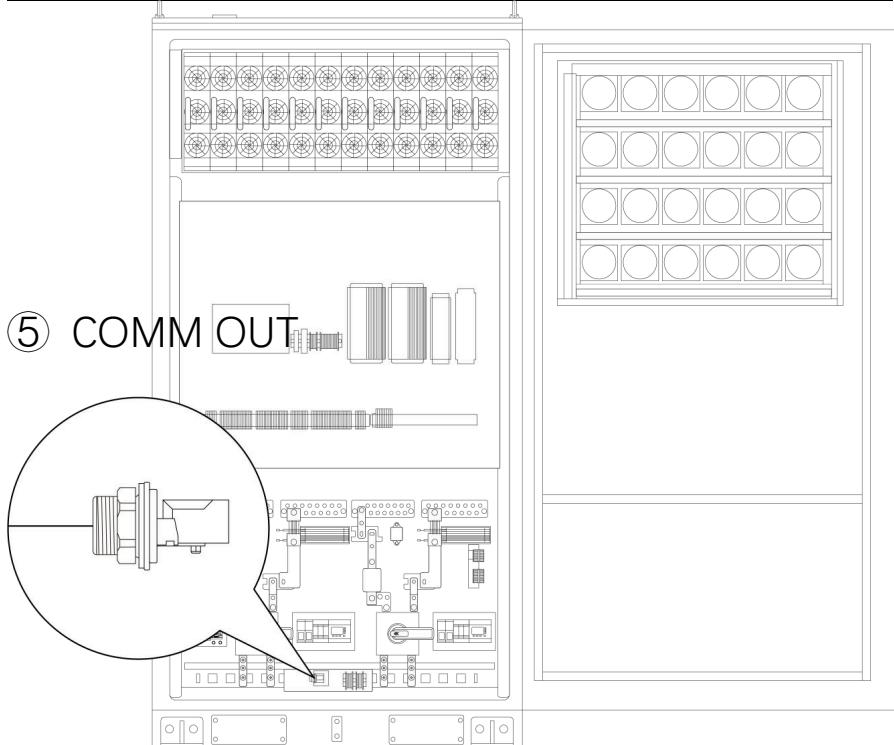


3. Communication cable



④ COMM IN





Step	NO.	Port	Description	Recommendation
Step 1: Attach to auxiliary power	①201QF1	2	Connecting with L port port of exterior power supply	Terminal: ENY2512 Cable: 2.5 mm ²
		4	Connecting with N port port of exterior power supply	
Step 2: Perform power cable connection	② BAT	BAT 1+	Connecting with DC1+ port of MS-LC430-2H2 cabinet	Terminal: DT120-10 Bolt: M10 Torque: 25 N•m
		BAT 1-	Connecting with DC1- port of MS-LC430-2H2 cabinet	
		BAT 2+	Connecting with DC2+ port of MS-LC430-2H2 cabinet	
		BAT 2-	Connecting with DC2- port of MS-LC430-2H2 cabinet	
	③ TML	TML 1+&T ML 1-	Connect to the DC+ and DC- ports of MS-DCC180-2 (Charging Pile No. 1)	Terminal: SC95-10 Bolt: M10 Torque: 25 N•m
		TML 2+&T ML 2-	Connect to the DC+ and DC- ports of MS-DCC180-2 (Charging Pile No. 2)	
		TML 3+&T ML 3-	Connect to the DC+ and DC- ports of MS-DCC180-2 (Charging Pile No. 3)	
		TML 4+&T ML 4-	Connect to the DC+ and DC- ports of MS-DCC180-2 (Charging Pile No. 4)	
		TML 5+&T ML 5-	Connect to the DC+ and DC- ports of MS-DCC180-2 (Charging Pile No. 5)	
		TML 6+&T ML 6-	Connect to the DC+ and DC- ports of MS-DCC180-2 (Charging Pile No. 6)	
		TML 7+&T ML 7-	Connect to the DC+ and DC- ports of MS-DCC180-2 (Charging Pile No. 7)	
		TML 8+&T ML 8-	Connect to the DC+ and DC- ports of MS-DCC180-2 (Charging Pile No. 8)	
Step 3: Perform communication connection		203U1:1	Connecting with port 1 of the switch inside the MS-DCC180-2	
		203U1:2	Connecting with port 2 of the switch inside the MS-DCC180-2	

	④ COMM IN	203U1:3	Connecting with port 3 of the switch inside the MS-DCC180-2	Terminal: RJ45
		203U1:4	Connecting with port 4 of the switch inside the MS-DCC180-2	
	⑤ COMM OUT	204XS1	Connecting to the EMS cabinet	Terminal: RJ45

5 Operation Instructions

5.1 Powering on the Equipment

5.1.1 Check Before Power-On

General Check

No.	Check Item	Acceptance Criteria
1	Appearance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">The equipment is intact and free from rust or paint flake-off. If the paint flakes off, repair the damaged paint.The labels on the device are clear. Damaged labels must be replaced.
2	Cable appearance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Cable sheathings are properly wrapped and not damaged.Cable hoses are intact.
3	Cable connection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Cables are connected in the designed positions.Terminals are prepared as required and securely connected.Labels on both ends of each cable are clear and specific, and attached in the same direction.
4	Cable routing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Cables are neat and tidy.Cable tie joints are evenly cut without burrs.Cables are placed properly and with slack at bending points to avoid stress.Cables are routed neatly without twists or crossovers in the cabinets.

Cabinet

No.	Check Item	Acceptance Criteria
1	Installation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The installation meets the design requirements.• The cabinet is level, and each door opens normally.
2	Appearance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The cabinet surface is free from cracks, dents, and scratches. If the paint flakes off, repair the damaged paint.
3	Cabinet grounding	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Ground the cabinet correctly according to the requirements of the power distribution system.
4	Accessory	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The number and positions of accessories installed meet design requirements.
5	Label	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• All labels are correct, clear, and complete.

Interior

No.	Check Item	Acceptance Criteria
1	Cable	The bolts for installing the cables are tightened and the cables are not loose.
2	Cable hole sealing	Cable holes are sealed.
3	Components	All components are intact.
4	Foreign object	Foreign objects such as tools and remaining materials are cleared.
5	Cabinet grounding	The ground conductor is securely connected to the ground terminal of the cabinet.

5.1.2 Power-On Operations

Danger!

Wear insulated gloves and use insulated tools to prevent electric shocks or short circuits.

Caution!

- During the power-on procedure, monitor the system for faults. If you detect any faults, power off the equipment, rectify the faults, and then continue with the procedure.
- If the equipment has not been used for six months or longer after being installed, it must be checked and tested by professionals before operation.
- Turn on the circuit breaker only after you have confirmed that there is no short circuit or other fault to prevent the fault from spreading and causing safety risks.

Notice!

Before the equipment is put into operation for the first time, ensure that the parameters are set correctly by professional personnel. Incorrect parameter settings may result in noncompliance with local grid connection requirements and affect the normal operations of the equipment.

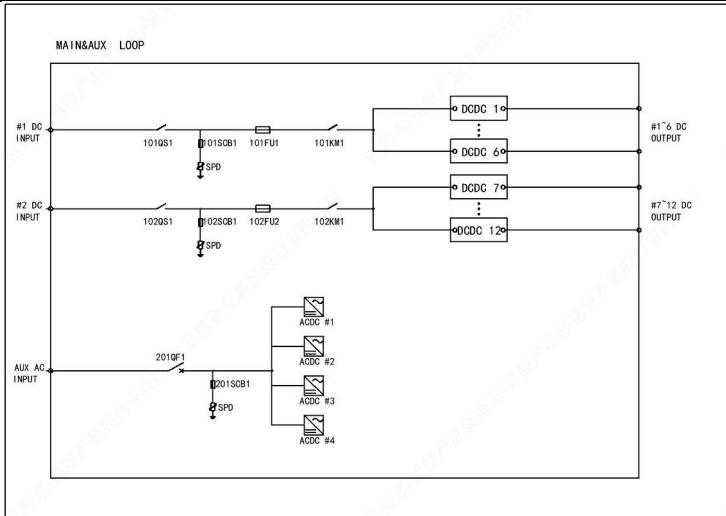


Figure.1

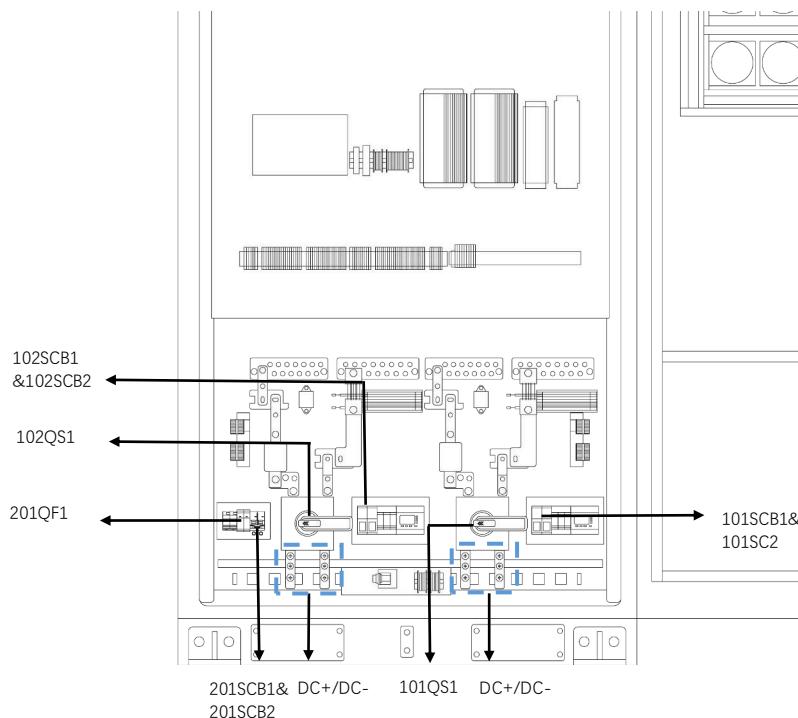


Figure.2

1. Visually inspect the AC SPD 201SCB1 and 201SCB2, making sure they are closed.
2. Close the auxiliary AC auxiliary power circuit breaker 201QF1, ensuring the PCU panel is in an illuminated state.
3. Visually confirm that the main circuit breakers 101QS1 and 102QS1 are in the disconnected state.
4. Use a multimeter to measure that there is no short circuit between DC+ and DC- port on the input side, and that the impedance between the copper bar and ground is greater than $1M\Omega$. If a short circuit exists between DC+ and DC- port or the impedance to ground is less than $1M\Omega$, contact after-sales personnel for handling.
5. Close the main circuit breakers 101QS1 and 102QS1.

5.2 Powering Off The Equipment



Notice!

Press the emergency stop switch (EPO) to stop the ESS only in emergency situations.

1. Cut off the external DC-side input, disconnect main circuit breakers 101QS1 and 102QS1, and use a multimeter to confirm there is no voltage between the DC+ and DC- port.
2. Cut off the external auxiliary AC power input, disconnect the auxiliary AC power circuit breaker 201QF1, and observe that the PCU panel's indicator turns off.

6 Maintenance

6.1 General Maintenance

Danger!

- Servicing should be performed or supervised by professional personnel.
- Wear personal protective equipment and use dedicated insulated tools to avoid electric shocks or short circuits
- Do not smoke or have an open flame around batteries.
- Do not use wet cloth to clean exposed copper bars or other conductive parts.
- Do not use water or any solvent to clean batteries.
- Charge your equipment in 48 hours after over-discharge.

Warning!

- Do not maintain batteries with power on. Before moving or reconnecting the equipment, disconnect the mains and batteries and wait for five minutes until the equipment powers off. Before maintaining the equipment, check that no hazardous voltages remain in the components to be maintained by using a multi-meters.
- Do not wear jewelry, watches and other metal jewelry when servicing.

Caution!

- Place a warning sign indicating that switch must not be turned on at the position where the switch resides.
- Use an electroscope of a proper voltage level to check whether the equipment is energized and ensure that the equipment is completely powered off.
- Before performing maintenance or repair, securely connect the loop to be repaired to the main ground loop using a ground cable.
- After the maintenance or repair is complete, remove the ground cable

between the loop that has been maintained and the main ground loop.

- Stay away from the equipment when preparing cables to prevent cable scraps from entering the equipment. Cable scraps may cause sparks and result in personal injury and equipment damage.
- Cables should be inserted and removed in accordance with regulations. Violent or brute force operations are prohibited.
- After the maintenance is complete, clean the tools and materials in time, and check whether metal objects remain inside or on the top of the product.
- When replacing batteries, replace with the same type of spare parts.
- Do not open or damage batteries. Released electrolyte is harmful to the skin and eyes. It may be toxic.
- If you have any questions about the operation and maintenance of this product, please contact the customer service center. Do not operate without authorization.

6.2 Maintenance Schedule

6.2.1 Routine Maintenance

Maintenance Category	Maintenance Action	Expected Result
System	Log in to the system management platform (WEB/EMS/APP, etc.) to view system alarm information	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● NO primary or secondary alarm info.
Indicator	Check that indicators are in normal state.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● The indicator stays green when the system is charging normally without any fault or alarm.● The indicator stays red when system faults occur.● The indicator stays blue when the system is in standby mode.● The indicator stays yellow to emit an alarm to the operator.
Outside the cabinet	Check that there are any foreign objects wrapped around the cabinet	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● The cabinet is never wrapped around or covered by any foreign objects.
Inside the cabinet	Perform an inspection: <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Temperature● Humidity	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Check that the temperature and humidity inside the cabinet are in

		reasonable ranges.
--	--	--------------------

6.2.2 Quarterly Maintenance

Maintenance Category	Maintenance Action	Expected Result
Safety inspection	Check that switches to shut off the equipment can work normally	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Switches can work normally
Cabinet	<p>Perform the visual inspection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Appearance● Rust condition● Door lock● Vent● Fasteners● Settings	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● There is no obvious paint peeling or rust.● The door locks are not damaged.● There is no dust at the vents.● There are no insects, rodents, snakes or other animals.● All fasteners are secured firmly.● All technical settings can support the normal run of the equipment.

6.2.3 Semi-annual Maintenance

Maintenance Category	Maintenance Action	Expected Result
Outside the cabinet	Perform the visual inspection: <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Inflammable materials.	There is no any inflammable objects around the cabinet.
Cabinet	Perform the visual inspection: <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Appearance● Rust condition● Door lock● Vent● Fasteners● Settings	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● There is no obvious paint peeling or rust.● The door locks are not damaged.● There is no dust at the vents.● There are no insects, rodents, snakes or other animals.● All fasteners are secured firmly.● All parameter settings can support the normal run of the equipment.
Cables	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Check whether cables are securely connected.● Check whether cables are damaged, especially whether the cable sheath that contacts a metal surface is damaged.● Check whether	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Cables are securely connected.● No damages are found on the cables.● No water enters the equipment and contacts with cables.● There are no insulating tape is peeling off.

	<p>water is entering into the cabinet</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Check whether any insulating tape on terminals is not detached.● Check whether all cables are routed correctly.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Cable routing is performed correctly and reasonably
Protective components	<p>Perform an inspection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● SPD	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Validate the integrity and functionality of surge protection devices and fuses

6.2.4 Annual Maintenance

Maintenance Category	Maintenance Action	Expected Result
Outside the cabinet	Perform the visual inspection: <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Inflammable materials.	There is no any inflammable objects around the cabinet.
Cabinet	Perform the visual inspection: <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Appearance● Rust condition● Door lock● Vent● Fasteners● Settings	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● There is no obvious paint peeling or rust.● The door locks are not damaged.● There is no dust at the vents.● There are no insects, rodents, snakes or other animals.● All fasteners are secured firmly.● All technical settings can support the normal run of the equipment.
Cables	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Check whether cables are securely connected.● Check whether cables are damaged, especially whether the cable sheath that contacts a metal surface is damaged.● Check whether water is entering into the cabinet	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Cables are securely connected.● No damages are found on the cables.● No water enters the equipment and contacts with cables.● There are no insulating tape is peeling off.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Check whether any insulating tape on terminals is not detached.● Check whether all cables are routed correctly.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Cable routing is performed correctly and reasonably
Protective components	<p>Perform an inspection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● SPD	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Validate the integrity and functionality of surge protection devices and fuses
Alert labels	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● Check the warning labels.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● All warning labels are visible, and no damages or stains on them.
Fire-resistant mud/Foundation	<p>Perform an inspection:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Fire-resistant mud● Foundation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">● The fire-resistant mud exhibits excellent adhesion.● The foundation is intact with a smooth surface

7 Troubleshooting

When any error exists in your equipment, please contact the service center or service engineers for help.

8 Repair Paint Damage

8.1 Prerequisites

- Do not apply paint in bad weather, such as rain, snow, strong wind, and sandstorm, when there is no shelter outdoors.
- You have prepared the required paint that matches the color palette delivered with equipment.

8.2 Paint Repair Description

The equipment appearance should be intact. If paint has flaked off, repair paint damage immediately.



Check the paint damage on the equipment and prepare appropriate tools and materials. The number of materials depends on site requirements.

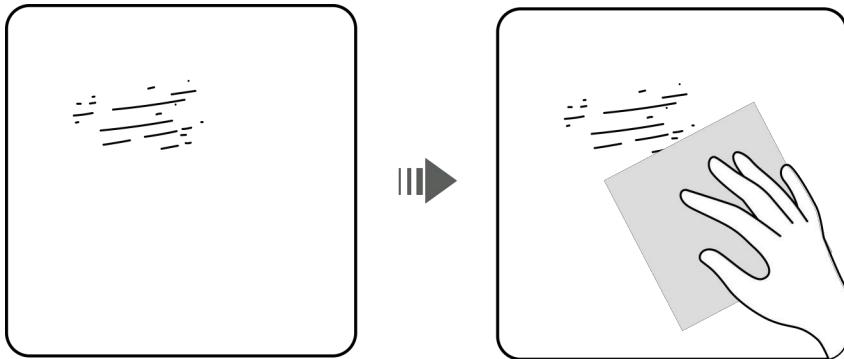
8.2.1 Paint repair description

Paint Damage	Tool and Material	Procedure	Description
Slight scratch (steel base material not exposed)	Spray paint or paint, brush (required for repainting a small area), fine sandpaper, anhydrous alcohol, cotton cloth, and paint spray gun (required for repainting a large area)	Steps 1, 2, 4, and 5	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. For a few scratches, smudges, or rust, manual paint spraying or brushing is recommended.2. For many scratches or large-area smudges and rusts, use a paint spray gun.
Deep scratch (primer damaged, steel base material exposed)	Spray paint or paint, zinc-rich primer, brush (required for repainting a small area), fine sandpaper, anhydrous alcohol, cotton cloth, paint spray gun (required for repainting a large area)	Steps 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5	<ol style="list-style-type: none">3. The paint coating should be thin and even. Paint drops are prohibited on the coating. The surface should be smooth.4. Leave the repainted area for approximately 30 minutes before performing any further operation.
Logo and pattern damage	If a logo or pattern is damaged, provide the logo size and color number. Seek help from a local supplier of advertisement coatings to formulate a repair solution based		

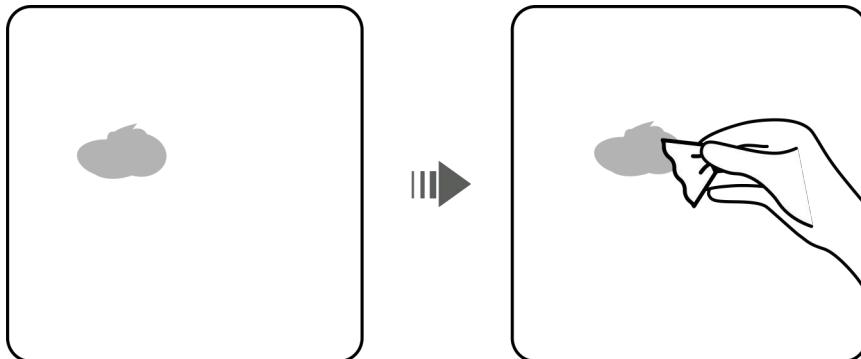
	on the logo size, color, and damage.	
Dent	<p>If a dent is less than or equal to 100 mm² in area and less than 3 mm in depth, fill the dent with Poly-Putty base and then perform the same operations as those for processing deep scratches.</p> <p>If a dent is greater than 100 mm² in area or greater than 3 mm in depth, ask the local supplier for an appropriate repainting solution.</p>	

8.2.2 Procedure

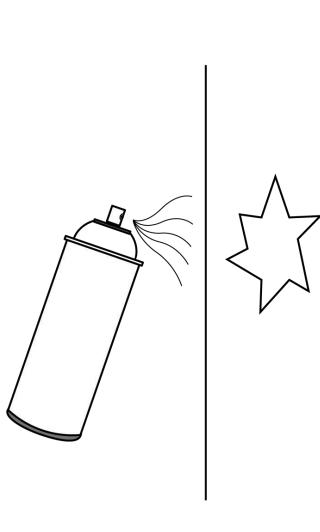
1. Gently polish damaged areas using fine sandpaper to remove smudges or rust.



2. Dip a piece of cotton cloth into anhydrous alcohol and wipe the polished or damaged area to remove the dirt and dust. Then wipe off the anhydrous alcohol with a clean and dry cotton cloth.



3. Paint zinc-rich primer on the damaged coat using a brush or paint spray gun.



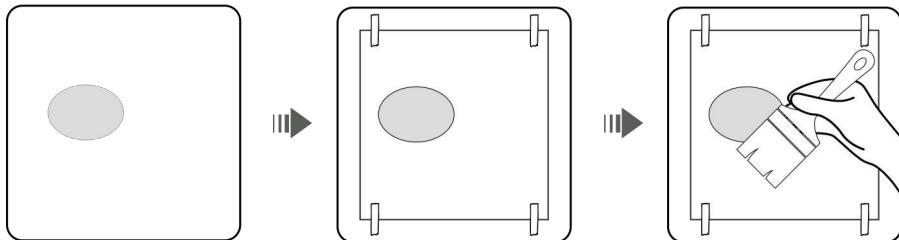
Notice!

- If the base material is exposed in the area to be repaired, apply epoxy zinc-rich primer, wait until the paint has dried, and then apply acrylic acid top coat.
- Select epoxy zinc-rich primer or acrylic acid top coat with a color the same as the surface coating color of the equipment.

4. Apply paint evenly to the damaged area based on the damage degree of the paint using an aerosol spray, brush, or paint spray gun until all damage traces are invisible.

Notice!

- Ensure that the painting is thin, even, and smooth.
- In the case that an equipment pattern has different colors, to prevent undamaged areas and those with different colors as the damaged area from being contaminated during repainting, cover such areas using white paper and adhesive tape before repairing paint.



5. Wait for 30 minutes and check whether the painting meets the requirements.

⚠ Note!

- The color of the repainted area must be consistent with that of the surrounding area. Make sure that there is no visible edge between the repainted area and the surrounding area. The paint should be free of bulges, scratches, flaking, or cracks.
- If you choose to spray paint, it is recommended that you spray paint three times before checking the result. If the color does not meet the requirements, paint more times until the painting meets the requirements.

9 Emergency Handling

If an accident (including but not limited to the following) occurs on the site, ensure the safety of onsite personnel first and contact the service engineers.

9.1 Strong Impact

- If the equipment has obvious damage or abnormal odor, smoke, or fire occurs, evacuate the personnel immediately, call emergency services, and contact the professionals. The professionals shall use fire extinguishing facilities to extinguish the fire under safety protection.

9.2 Flood

- Power off the system if it is safe to do so.
- If any part of the equipment is submerged in water, do not touch it to avoid electric shock.
- Do not force the equipment that have been soaked in water. Contact the customer service center for help.

9.3 Fire

Suggestions for onsite O&M personnel:

- When a fire occurs, evacuate from the building or equipment area, press the fire alarm bell, and immediately call the fire emergency service. Notify the professional firefighters and provide them with relevant product information, including but not limited to product types, capacity, and so on.
- Do not enter the affected building or equipment area under any circumstances, and do not open the doors of the equipment. Isolate and monitor the site. Keep irrelevant personnel away from the site.
- After calling the fire emergency service, remotely power off the system while ensuring your own safety.
- After professional firefighters arrive, provide relevant product information, including but not limited to product types, capacity, user manuals and so on.
- After the fire is extinguished, the site must be handled by professionals in accordance with local laws and regulations. Do not open the doors of the equipment without permission.
- Post-disaster product maintenance: contact the service engineers for evaluation.

Suggestions for professional firefighters:

- For product information, see the information provided by O&M personnel, including but not limited to product types, capacity, user manuals and so on.
- Do not open the doors of the equipment before it is deemed safe by professionals.
- Follow local fire fighting regulations.
- When a fire occurs, prevent the fire from spreading to nearby the equipment.

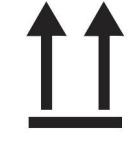
10 Storage

Note!

- Only trained and qualified personnel are allowed to operate the equipment. Wear insulated gloves and use dedicated insulated tools during the operation.
- The storage environment must comply with local regulations and standards.
 - You are advised to store the equipment in a dry, clean, and ventilated indoor environment that is free from sources of strong infrared or other radiations, organic solvents, corrosive gases, and conductive metal dust. Keep the equipment far away from sources of heat and fire.
 - Store the equipment separately to avoid mixing with other equipment. The site must be equipped with qualified fire fighting facilities, such as fire sand and fire extinguishers.
- The equipment must be disconnected from external equipment during storage, and the equipment indicators must be off.

Place the equipment correctly according to the signs on the packing case during storage. Do not place the equipment upside down, lay it on one side, or tilt it.

The packaging signs are described as follows.

Name	Symbol	Description
Up		The package shall be kept upright during transportation and storage.

Fragile		The package contains fragile objects and shall be handled with care.
Keep dry		The package shall be protected against rain, and rainproof measures shall be taken during transportation and storage.
Do not roll		The package shall not be rolled during transportation.
Do not stack		The package shall not be stacked.

- Do not unpack the equipment if it will be stored for a long time.
- Do not stack the equipment.
- Ensure that the ground surface is flat (for long-term or temporary storage).
- Refer to the section “Technical Specification” for storage temperature and humidity.
- Close the cabinet door.
- For long-term storage (more than six months after delivery), replace the desiccants with those of the same specifications and amount.

- If the equipment has been stored for longer than allowed, promptly report the condition to the person in charge.
- Handle the equipment with care to prevent damage.

11 Transport

1. The products should be transported after packaging and during the transportation process. Severe vibration, impact, or extrusion should be prevented to prevent sun and rain. It can be transported using vehicles such as cars, trains, and ships.
2. Always check all applicable local, national, and international regulations before transporting the product.
3. Transporting an end-of-life, damage may, in certain cases, be specially limited or prohibited.
4. Transportation and storage service providers must have the certification for dangerous goods operations required by local laws, regulations, and standards.
5. Before transportation, make a compliant and accurate declaration. Ensure that the packaging, labels, and markings are intact and there is no abnormal smell, leakage, smoke, or fire. Otherwise, the equipment must not be transported.
6. Exercise caution when moving the product to prevent bumping and ensure personal safety.
7. Unless otherwise specified, dangerous goods must not be mixed with goods containing food, medicine, animal feed, or their additives in the same vehicle or container, and sharp objects are not allowed in the same vehicle or container.

Store the product in a separate area away from heat sources. Protect the product from moisture, water, and rain.

12 Technical Specifications

Model	MS-DC480-2
DC Input Data	
Input standard	DC+ / DC- / PE
DC input voltage range	200Vdc ~ 850Vdc
DC input current range	≤667A
DC rated input power	480kW @400Vdc≤Vin≤850Vdc
DC Output Data	
Dc output voltage range	150Vdc ~ 1000Vdc
Dc output current range	8 branches, max 250A each
Environmental Conditions	
Operating Temperature Range (°C)	-30°C to +55°C (derating above 55°C)
Storage Temperature (°C)	-40°C to +60°C
Humidity	≤ 95%RH, no condensation
Cooling	Forced air cooling
Altitude	≤2000m (Derated when higher than 2000m)
IP Rating of Enclosure	≥IP54
Other Parameter	
Efficiency	≥ 97.5%, @full load
Dimension (W × H × D, mm)	1250 × 2450 × 1000mm
Approximate Weight (kg)	600kg

Service Hotline: +86-0574-86320560

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